### Southern Rural Access Program RWJ Foundation

## Osteopathic and Allopathic Partnerships for GME

MARC B. HAHN, D.O.

DEAN, TEXAS COLLEGE OF OSTEPATHIC MEDICINE UNT HEALTH SCIENCE CENTER AT FORT WORTH



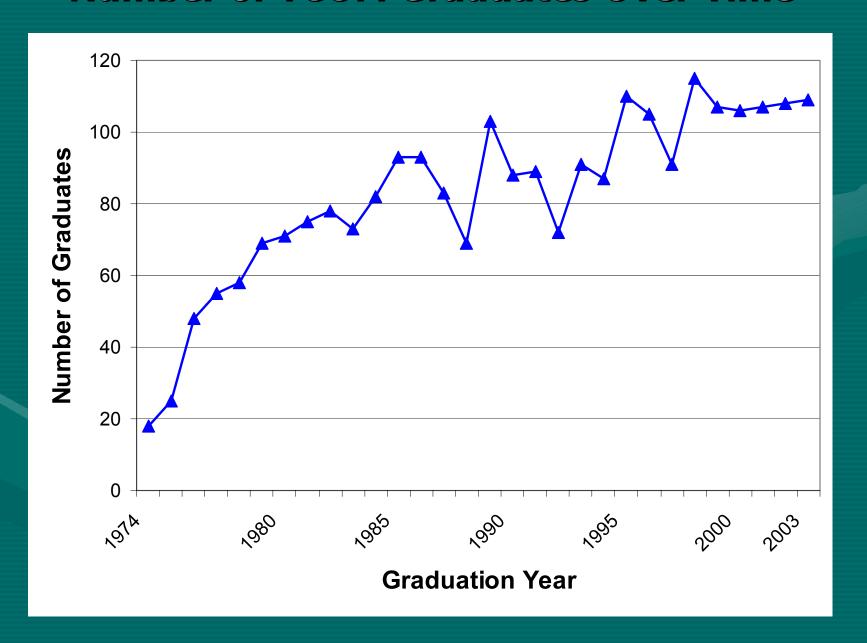
#### Milestones

- 1969 Founded as Texas College of Osteopathic Medicine, a private medical school.
- 1970 Accepted first class of medical students.
- 1975 Became state institution.
  - Affiliated with University of North Texas.
- 1993 Designated a Health Science Center.
- 1993 Added Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences.
- 1997 Added Physician Assistant Studies Program.
  - Started as undergraduate degree program.
- 1999 Added School of Public Health.
  - PA program moves to masters degree.

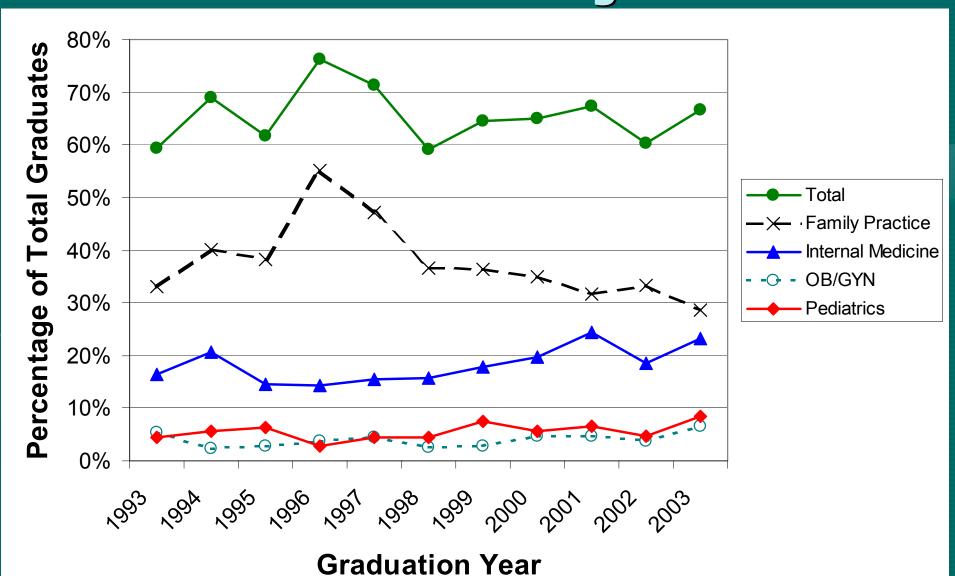
# Texas College of Osteopathic Medicine

- 491 osteopathic medical students.
- Ranked #20 by U.S. News & World Report among top medical schools in Primary Care.
  - − ~70% enter primary care GME programs.
- Honored 10 times by the Texas Academy of Family Physicians.
  - More than 25% enter family practice residencies.
- More than 30% of graduates practice in Texas towns with fewer than 25,000 people.

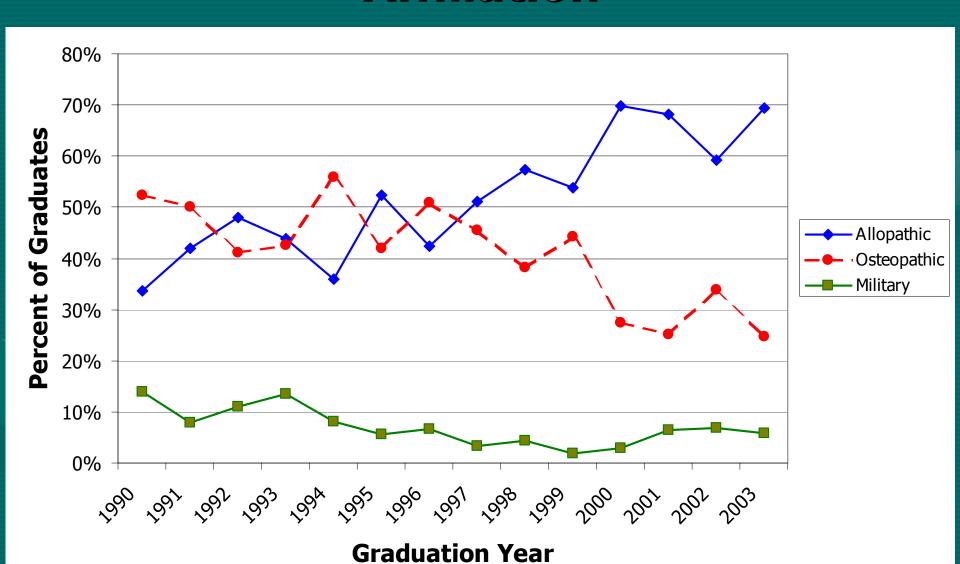
#### **Number of TCOM Graduates Over Time**



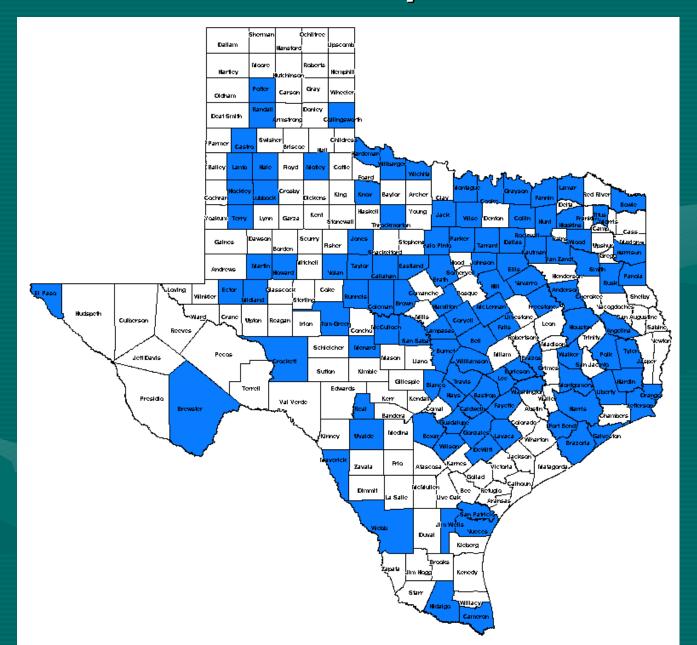
## TCOM % Graduates Choosing Primary Care GME Training



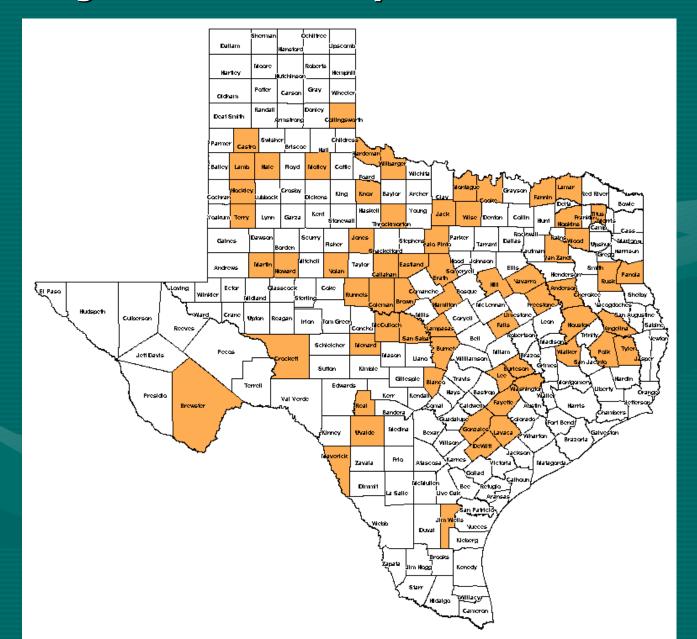
## Graduates by GME Program Affiliation



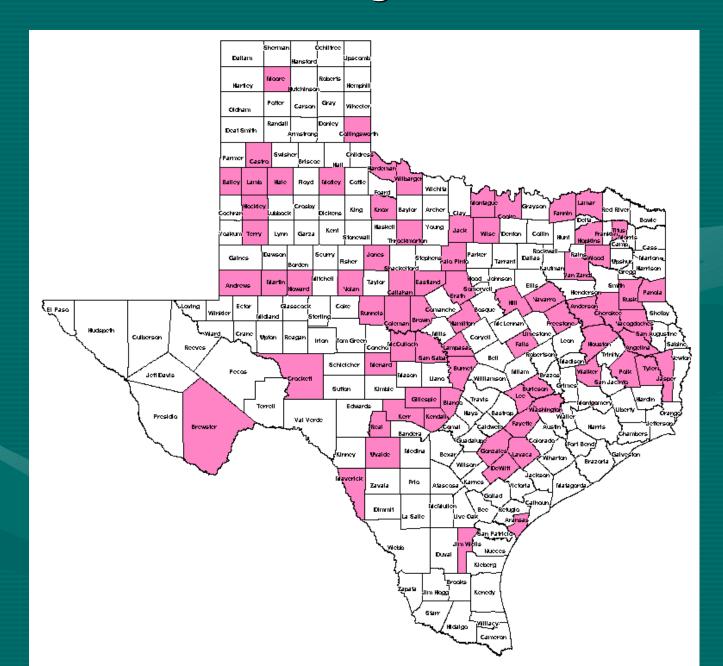
## TCOM Graduates Practicing in Texas Counties Designated as Whole or Partial Medically Underserved Areas



#### TCOM Graduates Practicing in Rural Texas Counties Designates as Medically Underserved Areas



#### **TCOM Graduates Practicing in Rural Texas Counties**



# OSTEOPATHIC – ALLOPATHIC COLLABORATION for GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION

#### Mission:

• The Texas College of Osteopathic Medicine seeks to provide postgraduate training programs in the state of Texas that will allow its graduates to maintain their osteopathic identity and encourage the inclusion of osteopathic philosophy in medical practice.

#### The Texas Experience:

- Level I Faculty Crossover
- Level II Facility Crossover
- Level III Dual Accreditation

- Level I Faculty Crossover
  - Established AOA or ACGME accredited programs use combined faculty.

#### Examples:

- Osteopathic physicians serve as residency directors for ACGME accredited programs.
  - Texas Tech University Lubbock
  - University of Texas Medical Branch Galveston
- Allopathic trainers/supervisors in AOA accredited programs.
  - Osteopathic Medical Center of Texas

- Level II Facility Crossover
  - Facilities with historically few osteopathic physicians establish AOA accredited programs.

#### Examples:

- Plaza Medical Center of Fort Worth.
  - Five osteopathic training programs with 42 residents and 85% allopathic faculty.
- John Peter Smith Hospital TCHD
  - AOA emergency medicine residency in development.

- Level III Dual-Accredited Programs
  - Established AOA or ACGME accredited training programs now seeking both.

#### Examples:

- Texas Tech University Lubbock
- Methodist Medical Center of Dallas –
   Charlton
  - Internships and Family Medicine residencies.
- John Peter Smith Hospital TCHD
  - Application for dual accreditation of Psychiatry.

#### Challenges:

- Limited funding for new programs.
- CMS cap at established training sites.
- Limited resources for identification and development of academic faculty and program directors.
- Continued loss of uniquely osteopathic institutions.
- Closer working relationship between ACGME and the AOA council on post-graduate training.